

Michigan Standards- U.S. History and Geography	Dream of a Nation Chapter(s)											
	1. A People Centered and Accountable Government	2. Citizen Stewardship	3. Creating a Stable and Equitable Economy	4. A New Media That Informs and Empowers	5. Aiming for the Best in Education	6. Re-Powering America	7. Improving Health and Avoiding Alarming Trends	8. Ending Poverty and Building Common Wealth	9. Re-Imaging Business	10. Strengthening Communities	11. Waging Peace	12. A Nation That Shines
<p>8.2.2 Policy Concerning Domestic Issues – Analyze major domestic issues in the Post-World War II era and the policies designed to meet the challenges by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• describing issues challenging Americans such as domestic anticommunism (McCarthyism), labor, poverty, health care, infrastructure, immigration, and the environment (<b>National Geography Standards 9 and 14; pp. 201 and 212</b>)</li> <li>• evaluating policy decisions and legislative actions to meet these challenges (e.g., G.I. Bill of Rights (1944), Taft-Hartley Act (1947), Twenty-Second Amendment to the U.S. Constitution (1951), Federal Highways Act (1956), National Defense Act (1957), E.P.A. (1970) (<b>National Geography Standards 12 and 14; pp. 208 and 212</b>))</li> </ul>	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖
<p>8.2.4 Domestic Conflicts and Tensions – Using core democratic values, analyze and evaluate the competing perspectives and controversies among Americans generated by U.S. Supreme Court decisions (e.g., Roe v Wade, Gideon, Miranda, Tinker, Hazelwood), the Vietnam War (anti-war and counter-cultural movements), environmental movement, women’s rights movement, and the constitutional crisis generated by the Watergate scandal. (<b>National Geography Standard 16, p. 216</b>)</p>	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	
<p>8.3.4 Civil Rights Expanded – Evaluate the major accomplishments and setbacks in civil rights and liberties for American minorities over the 20th century including American Indians, Latinos/Latinas, new immigrants, people with disabilities, and gays and lesbians. (<b>National Geography Standard 10, p. 203</b>)</p>				❖				❖		❖		
<p>9.1.1 Economic Changes – Using the changing nature of the American automobile industry as a case study, evaluate the changes in the American economy created by new markets, natural resources, technologies, corporate structures, international competition, new sources and methods of production, energy issues, and mass communication. (<b>National Geography Standard 11, p. 206</b>)</p>		❖	❖			❖		❖	❖	❖	❖	

<p>9.1.2 Transformation of American Politics – Analyze the transformation of American politics in the late 20th and early 21st centuries including</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• intensification of partisanship</li> <li>• partisan conflict over the role of government in American life</li> </ul> <p><b>(National Geography Standard 6, p. 195)</b></p>	❖										
<p>9.2.2 9/11 and Responses to Terrorism – Analyze how the attacks on 9/11 and the response to terrorism have altered American domestic and international policies (including e.g., the Office of Homeland Security, Patriot Act, wars in Afghanistan and Iraq, role of the United States in the United Nations, NATO).</p> <p><b>(National Geography Standard 13, p. 210)</b></p>	❖									❖	
<p>9.3.1 Compose a persuasive essay on a public policy issue, and justify the position with a reasoned argument based upon historical antecedents and precedents, and core democratic values or constitutional principles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• role of the United States in the world</li> <li>• national economic policy</li> <li>• welfare policy</li> <li>• energy policy</li> <li>• health care</li> <li>• education</li> <li>• civil rights</li> </ul> <p><b>(National Geography Standard 17, p. 216)</b></p>	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖	❖